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Hongkong Daily Press.

ESTABLISHED 1857.

Registered as a Newspaper at the General
Post Office in the United Kingdom.

ALEX. ROSS & Co.,
Machinery Department,
4, Des Vaux Rd. Centl.
Phone 47.

No. 18,711 號一十零七 日二初月四年午戊 HONGKONG, SATURDAY, MAY 11TH, 1918. 六拜禮 號一十月五年七國民華中 PRICE, \$3 PER MONTH.

INTIMATIONS

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT COMPANY
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KOWLOON-CANTON RAILWAY.

TIME-TABLE.

On and after WEDNESDAY, 12th DECEMBER, 1917, until further Notice.

DOWN TRAINS.

Stations	No. 5 Through Express p.m.	No. 7 Local a.m.	No. 9 Through Slow a.m.	No. 11 Local a.m.	No. 13 Through Express p.m.	No. 15 Local p.m.	No. 17 Through Express p.m.	No. 19 Local p.m.	No. 21 Through Express p.m.
CANTON (Tai Shei Tau)	dep. 7.25	—	5.38	—	8.30	—	—	—	—
SWAN LUNG	dep. 8.40	—	11.16	—	8.35	—	—	—	—
Shun Chai	dep. 10.25	8.05	11.45	8.50	8.40	8.50	—	—	—
Shing Shui	dep. —	8.15	11.55	9.00	8.57	9.00	—	—	—
Fanning	dep. —	8.25	12.05	9.10	9.07	9.10	—	—	—
Tai Po Market	dep. —	8.35	12.15	9.20	9.17	9.20	—	—	—
Tai Po	dep. —	8.45	12.25	9.30	9.27	9.30	—	—	—
Shatin	dep. —	8.55	12.35	9.40	9.37	9.40	—	—	—
Yau Ma Tei	dep. —	9.05	12.45	9.50	9.47	9.50	—	—	—
Hong Kow	dep. —	9.15	12.55	10.00	9.57	10.00	—	—	—
KOWLOON	arr. 11.05	9.25	1.05	10.10	10.07	10.10	—	—	—

UP TRAINS.

Stations	No. 4 Local a.m.	No. 6 Through Express a.m.	No. 8 Local a.m.	No. 10 Through Slow a.m.	No. 12 Local a.m.	No. 14 Through Express a.m.	No. 16 Local p.m.	No. 18 Through Express p.m.	No. 20 Local p.m.	No. 22 Through Express p.m.
Last Ferry	—	5.51	7.53	9.15	10.15	1.15	2.35	3.55	4.55	5.55
KOWLOON	—	6.50	8.52	10.15	11.15	1.25	2.45	4.05	5.05	6.05
Shun Chai	—	7.50	9.52	11.15	12.15	1.35	2.55	4.15	5.15	6.15
Shing Shui	—	8.50	10.52	12.15	1.15	1.45	3.05	4.25	5.25	6.25
Fanning	—	9.50	11.52	1.15	1.45	2.15	3.35	4.55	5.55	6.55
Tai Po Market	—	10.50	12.52	1.25	1.55	2.25	3.45	5.05	6.05	7.05
Tai Po	—	11.50	1.02	1.35	2.05	2.35	3.55	5.15	6.15	7.15
Shatin	—	12.50	2.02	1.45	2.15	2.45	4.05	5.25	6.25	7.25
Yau Ma Tei	—	1.00	2.12	1.55	2.25	2.55	4.15	5.35	6.35	7.35
Hong Kow	—	1.10	2.22	2.05	2.35	3.05	4.25	5.45	6.45	7.45
KOWLOON	—	1.20	2.32	2.15	2.45	3.15	4.35	5.55	6.55	7.55

* Will stop at Tai Po and Shing Shui to allow First-Class Passengers to alight, on Notice being given to the guard.

NOTICE TO PASSENGERS.

The Railway Administration do not guarantee that the ferries mentioned in this table will connect with the trains as shown.

SHA TAU KOK BRANCH.

Fanning	dep.	8.50	11.30	2.30	Shataukok	dep.	8.50	11.30	2.30	Fanning	arr.	11.00	2.30	6.00
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HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMERS.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD. AND THE CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

THE PUBLIC IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that the following revised passage FARES between HONGKONG and CANTON will come into force on 25th March, 1918:

	DAYBOATS	NIGHTBOATS
Saloon, Single	 \$ 5.00	 \$ 7.00
Return	 8.00	 10.00
2nd Class, Single	 2.00	 2.50
Deck	 1.00	 1.50

In addition to the above, for the convenience of the travelling Public, a Special 1st Class Return Ticket at Hongkong Currency \$11.00 and Chinese Currency \$11.80 available one way by Railway and the other by the Company's vessels, will also be issued.

HONGKONG-CANTON LINE.

HONGKONG TO CANTON. CANTON TO HONGKONG

8 a.m. "KINSHAN"	SATURDAY, 11th MAY, 1918.	8 a.m. "HONAM"
10 p.m. "HONAM"		4.30 p.m. "HEUNGSHAN"

SUNDAY, 12th MAY, 1918.

10 p.m. "HEUNGSHAN"		4.30 p.m. "HONAM"
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HONGKONG-MACAO LINE.

Sailings—S.S. "SUI AN" to Macao daily at 8 a.m. (Sundays 9 a.m.)
S.S. "SUI TAI" to Macao daily at 2 p.m. (Sundays 1 p.m.)
S.S. "SUI TAI" from Macao daily at 7.30 a.m.
S.S. "SUI AN" from Macao daily at 2 p.m. (Sundays 3 p.m.)

Further information may be obtained at the Company's Office, Hotel Mansions, or from Messrs. THOS. COOK & SON, Booking Agents, Hongkong.

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WEDNESDAY, MAY 15TH.	"CHEATING CHEATERS" The Play of Surprises. It keeps you wondering.
THURSDAY, MAY 16TH.	By special arrangement with David Belasco "THE BOOMERANG" By Winchell Smith and Victor Mapes
FRIDAY, MAY 17TH.	Henry Miller's Comedy of Charm "THE RAINBOW."
SATURDAY, MAY 18TH.	"IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE" By special arrangement with Cohan and Harris One continuous scream of laughter.

Prices \$3, \$2 & \$1. Booking at MOUTRIE'S.
Curtain 9.15 p.m. sharp.

PHILIP CARLTON, Manager.

[1971]

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The Safety and Comfort of Passengers is our first consideration. Special care is given to the Cabin, and the attendance on passengers cannot be surpassed. Tickets are interchangeable with the YOTO KISEN KAISHA and the CANADIAN PACIFIC OCEAN SERVICE, Ltd.

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FOR SALE.

\$100 PEARL THREAD-NECK EARRINGS. LACE, and \$25 PEARL EARRINGS. Necessity compels the Vendor to sell these very cheaply. Apply from 12 to 7 p.m. Room 66, KING EDWARD HOTEL.

[1976]

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1857

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[1852]

FRENCH LESSONS

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GRAVING DOCKS AND PATENT SLIP.

Length on Keel Blocks	 510 feet.	Dock No. 1.	380 feet.	Dock No. 2.	714 feet.
Width of Entrance on bottom	 77 "		53 "		88 "
Water on Blocks at Spring Tide	 28 "		34 "		44 "

PATENT SLIP—Capable of lifting vessels up to 1,000 tons gross.

Two Floating Cranes of 60 and 30 tons each, besides 150 tons Giant Cranes.

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TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS—"DOCK," KOBE.

FLOATING DOCKS.

Lifting Power	 No. 1. 7,000 tons.	No. 2. 12,000 tons.
Max. Length of Ship taken in	 460 feet.	550 feet.
Max. Breadth of Ship taken in	 68 "	8 "
Max. Draft of Ship taken in	 23 "	23 "

HIKOSHIMA WORKS (Near Shimomoseki).

TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS—"DOCK," SHIMOMOSEKI.

GRAVING DOCK.

Length on Keel Blocks	 383 feet 6 inch.
Breadth at Entrance on bottom	 58 "
Depth of Water on Blocks at Spring Tide	 35 "

Floating Crane capable of lifting 20 tons weight.

THE NAGASAKI, KOBE AND HIKOSHIMA DOCKYARDS

are closely connected with each other, enabling them to co-operate in the prompt execution of work and to suit the convenience of customers.

Any Orders will be promptly attended to and Estimates sent on application.

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[1908]

PEAK TRAMWAY COMPANY, LIMITED.

TIME-TABLE

WEEK DAYS.

WEEK DAYS				
7.00 a.m.	to 8.00 a.m.	Every 15 minutes		
8.00	" to 10.00	" "	10	"
10.00	" to 11.00	" "	15	"
11.30	" to 12.45 p.m.	" "	15	"
12.45 p.m.	to 1.15	" "	10	"
1.15	" to 1.45	" "	10	"
1.45	" to 2.15	" "	15	"
2.15	" to 5.00	" "	15	"
5.00	" to 8.00	" "	10	"
NIGHT CASES				
8.30 p.m.	and 8.00 p.m.	9.30 to 11.00 p.m.		
	Every 15 minutes	Every 15 minutes		
11.00 p.m.	to 11.45 p.m.	Every Quarter-Hour		
SUNDAY				

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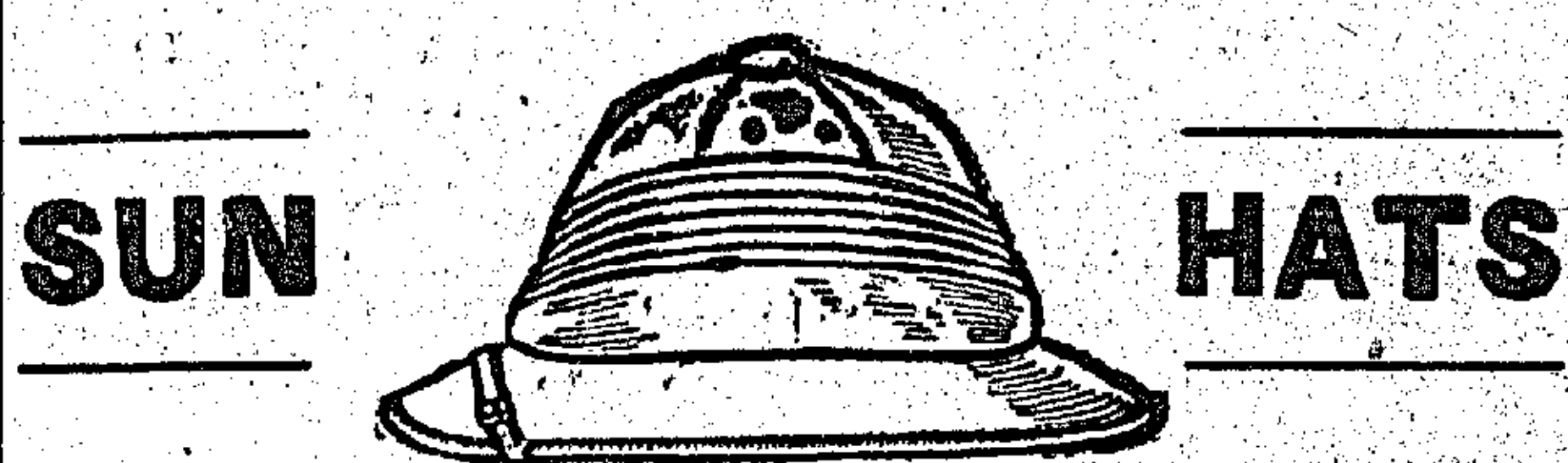
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By its gentle but efficient tonic action on the stomach, liver and bowels, Mother Seigel's Syrup puts these organs of digestion in a state of healthy activity; as a result you are then able to digest what you eat, and thus secure fresh stores of strength and vitality. Such is the experience of thousands of grateful users of this world-famous remedy, who testify that by its occasional use they now enjoy freedom from such distressing troubles as pains after eating, flatulence, biliousness, headache, constipation. Put it to the test for yourself to-day.

DR. SUN YAT-SEN'S RESIGNATION.

AS A PRIVATE CITIZEN HE WILL CONTINUE TO DO HIS DUTY.

(FROM THE CANTON INTELLIGENCE BUREAU.)

Dr. Sun Yat-sen, Generalissimo of the Military Government of the Republic of China, tendered his resignation to the National Assembly in Extraordinary Session on May 10th. His letter to the leaders of the South-West, roughly translated, reads as follows:—

"After the illegal dissolution of the National Assembly last June, and the unsuccessful attempt to restore the monarchy, there was no lawful government in the Republic of China. Had Feng Kuo-chang and Tuan Chi-jui shown their regret for their past wrong and, without effecting their ambition for individual power and interests, cancelled the illegal mandate, thus enabling the National Assembly to resume its regular session, no one would have accused them further.

Instead of following a wise course, they persisted in employing the Northern troops to dominate the whole land, arousing animosity and conflict in Hunan and Szechuan, forcing a division of the country, and, at the same time, affording the armies of Kwangsi and Yunnan an opportunity to rise up for local reasons, to declare independence with very little regard to upholding the fundamental law of the land.

"I, refusing to see the Constitution of the country violated without protest, at once called upon the leading citizens of the Republic in Shanghai and resolved to organize for the defence of the law, the officers and men of the Navy then there joining in the declaration and agreeing to move southward together.

Upon the invitation of the Kwangtung Provincial Assembly, the members of the National Assembly came to Canton and, on August 31st, 1917, or the Sixth Year of the Republic, in Extraordinary Session, enacted a law organizing the Military Government of the Republic, electing me the Generalissimo. I, at the time, was not ignorant of my incompetence for such a heavy responsibility, but realizing the many difficulties facing the country, unwilling to shirk my duty as a citizen, and also being one of those who have laboured for a Republic, I felt I could not allow constitutionalism to die without coming to its rescue. Despite obstacles and difficulty, I have tried, since then, to promote the interest of the constitutional cause against militarism and rebellion, trying to apprise the people at home and abroad of the aim of the Military Government, taking into consideration nothing of the possible success or apparent failure so long as the spirit of constitutionalism was maintained.

"Since this was done, the provinces of Kwangtung, Kwangsi, Yunnan, Kweichow, Hunan, and Szechuan have each severally or individually declared their allegiance to the constitutional movement and accepted the reconvoation of the National Assembly as the common cause of struggle, subordinating local difference to the national issue. The ability of the Military Government—an institution at first without an inch of territory—rapidly six provinces into the sphere of influence, besides many others showing sympathy with us, while it cannot be called a success, may be numbered as one of its achievements at this critical moment under adverse circumstances.

"Of the many dangers at present facing our country, the struggle of the military for supremacy is the greatest. This danger is not confined to either the North or the South. Many of the officials of the so-called Constitutional provinces have not been wholly willing to submit to law and public opinion, and most of the officials-elect of the Military Government have not been seen fit to assume their offices. They have not shown the desired respect and obedience to the National Assembly in Extraordinary Session as they should. This lack of whole-hearted inside co-operation, has rendered outside recognition impossible. I have almost exhausted my voice in calling the attention of the provinces to this incoherent situation; and only those who are associating with me in this effort have appreciated my object, while many outside are still wondering about my purpose.

"The question of one's outgoing or incoming is, but a slight matter compared with the vital importance of the preservation of the destruction of our country. I have suffered abuse and insult and have borne the present responsibility with patience until this day, doing everything necessary all the time to secure the deserved respect and reverence for the National Assembly in Extraordinary Session. The recent fall of Yochow and Changsha seemed to have helped to indicate the weakness of a divided camp, to have hastened the realization of a more united organ of Administration, and to have compelled obedience to the National Assembly in Extraordinary Session as essential to constitutionalism. The willingness to come together now is not too late and has fulfilled the hope which I have exerted my full strength to realize. Moreover, I have caused to be

(Continued at foot of next column.)

DEATH OF TWO "OLD CHINA HANDS."

MR. JAMES JOHNSON.

It is with very deep regret, says the *N.C. Daily News*, that we have to record the death of Mr. James Johnson, engineer and shipbuilder, which occurred at his residence "The Elms," 141, Bubbling Well Road, on May 5th.

The late Mr. Johnson was born in Glasgow, Scotland, on April 8th, 1941. After serving his apprenticeship as an engineer, he went out to Australia as engineer on a steamer in 1865 and after running for some time on the Australian coast, he left for Shanghai as a passenger on a sailing vessel and arrived here in January, 1867. On his arrival in Shanghai he started work with Messrs. Nicholson & Boyd (which afterwards became Boyd & Co.) and on the completion of the work for which he was engaged, he left them and sailed as engineer in coast and river steamers until March, 1870, when he left Shanghai by the Pacific Mail Co.'s route for Scotland to get married. He returned in 1871 and, after sailing on the coast as chief engineer for a short time, again took employment with Messrs. Boyd & Co., of which firm he later became a partner, and when it became Boyd & Co., Ltd., a director. When S. O. Farnham & Co., Ltd., and Boyd & Co., Ltd., amalgamated as S. O. Farnham, Boyd & Co., Ltd., he became a director, a position which he held until his retirement in 1905. Since then, he and his wife have travelled a great deal and made several long stays in Scotland and England, but always retained their home here.

Mr. Johnson was of a quiet and retiring disposition and made many friends during his long stay here. He has left his widow and two daughters and their families to mourn his loss, and to them the sympathy of all who knew him is, we feel sure, extended.

MR. JOHN MORRIS.

We regret to have to announce that yet another "old China Hand" passed away on the same day in the person of Mr. John Morris, continues the *N.C. Daily News*.

The late Mr. John Morris, who was 81 years of age, first arrived in Shanghai in 1869, at the age of 23 years, coming over here to join the tea department of a local firm. With the exception of a brief sojourn in Ningpo, he was resident in Shanghai ever since his arrival here, and in his younger days was prominent as a rowing man. He was one of the founders of the China Shippers' Association, which owned 10 sailing vessels, and after establishing himself under the firm name of Morris & Co. acted as agent for the China Shippers' Association and afterwards as agent for the Shanghai Tug and Lighter Co., Ltd., in 1903. Since that time he has lived a retired life, but was often seen in the centre of the town until 15 months ago, when he was seized with a stroke of paralysis. He recovered sufficiently to be able to return from hospital to his home, but had been an invalid ever since.

AFTER-WAR ARMAMENTS.

Mr. Edgar Crammond (secretary of the Liverpool Stock Exchange), speaking at the Society of Arts, expressed his belief that notwithstanding the proposed League of Nations the British Empire would find it very difficult for many years to come to reduce its standing Army below 500,000 men, and an annual expenditure on the Army below eighty millions. The development of the submarine might alter the whole conception of sea-power, and we should get off lightly if we could keep our expenditure on the Navy below seventy millions per annum. From the point of view of industrial expansion the war had advanced us by perhaps two generations. When demobilisation had been in operation for a year or two our wealth-producing power should be at least 50 per cent. greater than it was before the war. Discussing after-war finance, he said there must be a further increase in direct taxation. The working-classes were getting a larger share of the gross income of the country and were not contributing their fair proportion of the cost of government. The wages bill had gone up by at least 500 millions since 1914, but in direct taxation had only advanced by about thirty millions. A levy on capital appeared to be wholly impracticable in the form suggested by the Labour party. If we finished the war with a National Debt of £2,500,000,000 the Budget was likely to be about £700,000,000.

appropriated funds from the Salt Revenue to enable the National Assembly to resume regular session on June 1st next, an act completing my duty towards this institution. Now the National Assembly in Extraordinary Session has acceded to the demands of the provinces and has amended the law to reorganize the Military Government, which should henceforth receive full support from all so as to make the righteous cause of constitutionalism a success and give the country blessing and happiness.

"Labouring almost as an individual without men or arms, I, therefore, have not been able to do more than I have done, but at the same time I do not feel I have to apologize to the nation. As an individual citizen henceforth, I shall continue to do my duty towards my country. In these words, I have forwarded by resignation as the Generalissimo to the National Assembly in Extraordinary Session.

HONGKONG DEFENCE CORPS.

ADMINISTRATIVE ORDERS BY MAJOR H. A. MORGAN, ADMINISTRATIVE COMMANDANT.

STRENGTH.

The Commandant records, with deep regret, the death of Sergt. A. B. Bryson, "B" Co., on 6th May, 1918 (at Honolulu).

Pte. P. D. Sutherland having returned from leave is allotted Corps No. 976 and posted to "A" Co., No. 2 Platoon.

No. 847 Pte. T. Stuart, "B" Co., is discharged from the Corps on medical grounds, dated 8th May, 1918.

POSTING.

2nd-Lieut. R. Pierce-Grove having returned from leave is posted to "B" Co., No. 6 Platoon (Supernumerary).

ATTACHED.

No. 387 Lce.-Corpl. A. J. V. Ribeiro and No. 387 Pte. F. A. M. Rosario, "A" Co., are attached to the H.K.P. (R.), from 3rd May, 1918.

TRANSFERS.

No. 849 Spr. A. M. Stark, Eng. Co., is transferred to "D" Co., dated 3rd May, 1918.

No. 748 Pte. F. C. Todd, M.G. Co., is transferred to the Eng. Co., dated 4th May, 1918.

No. 800 Pte. J. A. T. Plummer, Sig. Section, is transferred to "B" Co., dated 6th May, 1918.

CARE OF ARMS.

O.C.s. are requested to submit a return of rifles with wrong bolts to Headquarters as soon as possible. The numbers of the rifles and the numbers of the bolts are to be stated.

LECTURE.

A lecture on his experiences on the Western Front will be given by Lieut. Souter to Officers, N.C.O.s and men of the Corps at Headquarters, on Friday, 17th instant, at 6 p.m. Uniform need not be worn.

EQUIPMENT BOARD.

The board will sit at Headquarters from 5.30 p.m. to 6 p.m. on the following dates:—

Friday, 17th May.
Friday, 24th May.
Friday, 31st May.

LEAVE.

No. 19 Corpl. H. T. Heath, Arty. Co., is granted leave for the duration of the war, to date from day of departure.

No. 813 Pte. F. H. Taylor, "A" Co., is granted leave for the duration of the war, to date from day of departure.

No. 31 Gr. J. Bentley, Arty. Co., is granted leave for the duration of the war, to date from day of departure.

No. 900 Pte. L. Allison, "A" Co., is granted leave for the duration of the war, from 10th May, 1918.

Gr. A. W. P. Spiers, Arty. Co., is granted 3 months' extension of leave, from 12th May, 1918.

Pte. D. E. Clark, "A" Co., is granted extension of leave for one month, from 2nd May, 1918.

ORDERS FOR ARTILLERY COMPANY BY CAPT. J. H. W. ARMSTRONG, V.D.

PARADES AT BELCHERS BATTERY.

Tuesday, 14th May:—
7.30 a.m. Right Half Co. Full drill.
5.15 p.m. Left Half Co. Full drill.

Thursday, 16th May:—
7.30 a.m. Right Half Co. N.C.O.s.
Class. All under rank of Sergt. to attend.

5.15 p.m. Left Half Co. N.C.O.s.
Class. All under rank of Sergt. to attend.

Friday, 17th May:—
7.30 a.m. Right Half Co. New Layers.
Class only.

5.15 p.m. Left Half Co. New Layers.
Class only.

The following N.C.O.s and men have passed the Layers' Examination held by the I.G.

Right Half Co.—Corporal Martin, L/Bombs, Douglas, Railton, Stark and Winan, and Gns. Stalker, Bentley, Tatam, Thompson and Rocho.

Left Half Co.—Gns. D. Young and Martin.

The following have been appointed to act as Rifle Shooting Committee for the Artillery Company:—Capt. Murray Scott (Chairman), Sergts. Bradbury, Frith and Mann, Cpls. Martin and Bassford, and Gnr. Sorby.

ORDERS FOR ENGINEER COMPANY BY CAPTAIN W. ROSSSELL.

10th to 17th May, 1918:—
E. L. Manning Nightly.—Parades as per rosters posted at Headquarters. Engine Drivers at 6.30 p.m. Electricians at 6.45 p.m.

Officers next for duty.—Belchers, Lieut. Hall, Lieutman, Captain James, Stonecutters, Lieut. Stevenson.

Instructions for N.C.O.s and men of Infantry Battalion attached for duty.—Class 1 at Belchers at 8.30 p.m. on Mondays and Thursdays. Class 2 at Belchers at 8.30 p.m. on Tuesdays and Fridays. Class 3 at Leeemun at 6.30 p.m. on Tuesdays and Fridays, under Staff-Sergts. Owendene and Parsons, R.E.

Sergt. Day and Corpl. Norris, H.K.D.C. at Belchers, and Staff-Sergts. Barclay and White, R.E., and Sergt. Williams, H.K.D.C., at Leeemun.

ORDERS FOR INFANTRY BATTALION BY MAJOR H. A. MORGAN.

PARADES—"A" COMPANY.

Tuesday, 14th May:—
8.30 p.m. Nos. 1, 2, 3, and 4 Platoons on Polo Ground. Hongkong residents will parade at Cricket Club at 5.10 p.m. and proceed by tram to Causeway Bay. Company drill. Dress: Drill order.

Wednesday, 15th May:—
5.30 p.m. N.C.O.s of Nos. 3 and 4 Platoons (as detailed by Platoon Commanders) at Headquarters T.E.T.

Friday, 17th May:—

5.30 p.m. N.C.O.s of Nos. 1 and 2 Platoons (as detailed by Platoon Commanders) at Headquarters T.E.T.

"B" COMPANY.

Tuesday, 14th May:—
5.30 p.m. Nos. 5, 6, 7, and 8 Platoons on Polo Ground. Hongkong residents will parade at the Cricket Club at 5.10 p.m. and proceed by tram to Causeway Bay. Company drill. Dress: Drill order.

MACHINE-GUN COMPANY.

Tuesday, 14th May:—
7.10 a.m. No. 3 Gun at Headquarters. 5.10 p.m. Drill at Kowloon Dock, Nos. 1 and 3 Gun teams only. Hongkong residents proceed by launch from Queen's Statue Pier at 4.30 p.m.

Wednesday, 15th May:—
5.10 p.m. Drill at Headquarters Nos. 4 and 5 Guns only.

Thursday, 16th May:—
5.10 p.m. Drill at Headquarters. The following men only need attend:—Ptes. Field, Irvine, Lahrum, A. C. D. Logan, C. B. Logan, McKerns, Pingue, and Stapleton.

MOUNTED SECTION.

Monday, 13th May:—
5.30 p.m. At Jockey Club Stables. Dress: Drill order.

Thursday, 16th May:—
5.30 p.m. At Jockey Club Stables. Dress: Drill order without rifles.

SIGNALLING SECTION.

Tuesday, 14th May, and Friday, 17th May:—
5.30 p.m. Parade at Headquarters. Dress: Clean fatigue.

Note.—Rifles (with bore, free from oil) and sidearms are to be brought to the parade on 14th May.

STRETCHER BEARER SECTION.

Tuesday, 14th May:—
5.15 p.m. Parade at Headquarters.

RECRUITS.

Monday, 13th, and Friday, 17th May:—
5.30 p.m. All units except "D" Co. on Murray Parade Ground, under Sergeants Edmonds and Meade. Dress: Drill order.

ORDERS FOR CADET COMPANY BY 2ND-LIEUT. J. E. W. BEARD.

SALUTING, ETC.

The O.C. has had complaint, recently of Cadets not saluting Officers properly. Cadets are reminded that this is a very serious offence.

PARADES.

Saturday, 11th May:—
1.30 p.m. Any Cadet who did not draw his topee last Saturday will parade at Headquarters to be issued with one.

Wednesday, 15th May:—
5.00 p.m. Fall in at Blake Pier. Swimming.

G. E. STEWART, Capt., Adjutant, H.K.D.C.

Hongkong, 10th May, 1918.

NOTICE.

RECRUITS' MESS.

A photograph of members of the Sergeants' Mess will be taken at Headquarters at 5 p.m. on Monday, 13th May. Dress: Cap, shorts and putties belt and sidearms.

HONGKONG POLICE RESERVE.

ORDERS ISSUED BY MR. F. C. JENKIN, C.B.E.

NO. 2 COMPANY.

Will parade at Central on Tuesday, May 14th, at 5.30 p.m. Helmets and spikes. Capes will be issued.

EQUIPMENT PARADE.

All ranks (including Exempts and Medical Exempts from duty) who did not attend the recent parades at Headquarters Club will attend at 5.30 p.m. on Monday, May 13th.

BAND PRACTICES.

Tuesday, May 14th, and Friday, May 17th, at 6.15 p.m.

APPOINTMENTS.

P.-cs. 657 Faithful and 733 Beattie are appointed Acting-Sergeants, Search Supervisors Squad.

STRENGTH.

P.-c. 628 Reynolds is granted leave for the duration of the war, from 14th instant.

P.-c. 32 Wong Tsoi Hing is permitted to resign on leaving the Colony.

By Order
T. F. Hovan,
A.S.P. (R.) and Adjutant.

Hongkong, 10th May, 1918.

ST. JOHN AMBULANCE BRIGADE.

HONGKONG AND CHINA DISTRICT.

NO. 2 V.A.D.

Thursday, May 13th:—
8 p.m. Squad and stretcher drill.

NO. 3 V.A.D.

Monday, May 13th:—
1.15 p.m. Recruit drill.

Tuesday, May 14th:—
1.15 p.m. Banding class.

Wednesday, May 15th:—
2.30 p.m. Band practice.

Thursday, May 16th:—
1.15 p.m. Recruit drill.

Friday, May 17th:—
1.15 p.m. Banding class.

Saturday, May 18th:—
2.30 p.m. Band practice.

3.15 p.m. and stretcher drill (trained members).

NO. 4 V.A.D.

Tuesday, May 14th:—
1.20 p.m. First aid class.

Thursday, May 16th:—
1.20 p.m. Banding practice.

Friday, May 17th:—
4.40 p.m. Squad and stretcher drill.

(Sd.) E. RALPHS,
District Supt. in Charge of District.

Hongkong, 11th May, 1918.

ROYAL HONGKONG YACHT CLUB.

THE RACES FOR THE GOVERNOR'S PRIZES.

The Races for the Token Prizes presented by H.E. the Governor, which were abandoned last Saturday, and again on Wednesday, owing to the weather, were re-sailed on Thursday evening and resulted in the "Rolla," sailed by Miss Denison, winning the Handicap Class Event, the "Daphne," sailed by Miss Crees, winning the One Design Event, and the "Lady Ursula," sailed by Mrs. Bouse, winning the Heyward Hays Event.

Mr. Sutherland, in calling upon Miss Iris May to present the prizes, said that the events just decided must be looked upon as most important from the fact that the lady competitors had faced the starter three times. The races had to be put off on the first occasion through lack of wind, and on the second through over-abundance of wind; however, the third time had been lucky, and he doubted if better starts had ever been seen in Hongkong, even amongst the best yachtsmen. The course was no doubt somewhat short, but nevertheless the ladies had shown great pluck and skill, and the wins had been well merited. The thanks of the Club, said Mr. Sutherland, were due to His Excellency Sir F. H. May, himself one of the foremost yachtsmen in the East, for so kindly contributing the prizes, and he called upon those present to give three hearty cheers for the Governor. He hoped there would be many more such Ladies' Yacht Races, and although in these days it was specially difficult to arrange even the ordinary Club Championship events, he trusted that when times were more normal, the Ladies' Races would be seriously taken up by the Committee, and he had no doubt they would become a very popular institution.

Miss May then presented the prizes and was accorded three rousing cheers, Mrs. Arthur presenting her with a bouquet.

Tea, provided by Mrs. Sutherland on board the "Thistle," concluded one of the best afternoon's sport of the season.

THE WAR SAVINGS.

SEVENTEENTH LIST OF THE LOCAL ASSOCIATION.

Amounts totalling \$84,095 have been received by the Hongkong and South China War Savings Association for the past month, and invested in the War Loans Investment Trust of Malaya at 6 per cent.

There was one subscription of \$8,000, one of \$4,500, one of \$2,500 and two of \$2,000. In amounts between \$1,000 and \$2,000 there were 13 subscriptions. There were ten subscriptions of \$500, sixteen of \$300, thirty-three of \$100, forty-five of \$50, twenty-five of \$10 and twenty-eight of \$5 each.

The amounts in Hongkong currency received by the Association up to date are as follows:—

1st List	\$ 39,100.00
2nd List	10,280.00
3rd List	62,075.00
4th List	210,305.00
5th List	123,680.00
6th List	82,125.00
7th List	61,890.00
8th List	68,325.00
9th List	110,595.00
10th List	140,345.00
11th List	49,715.00
12th List	49,525.00
13th List	80,875.00
14th List	43,680.00
15th List	84,255.00
16th List	72,390.00
17th List	64,965.00
Total	\$1,354,225.00

In addition to the above, amounts totalling \$37,574.91 Straits currency were received during the month. This sum included one subscription of \$27,000 and one of \$5,000. The total in Straits Currency received by the Association is now \$172,604.55.

In sterling £296,164.41 was received, making a total of £5,282,19.54; in gold £240, making a total of G\$1,565.74; in Tls. 256, making a total of Tls. 306.

Last month also the Association had to open a new account in a fresh currency, a subscriber starting it with one piastre. Money in any currency, dividend warrants and bank notes are all accepted.

SPORT.

LAWN TENNIS.

HONGKONG C.C. TOURNAMENT.

There was a large gathering of spectators present yesterday evening on the Hongkong C.C. Ground, when M. W. and M. K. Lo met H. A. Nisbet and R. Hancock in the final of the Open Doubles Championship. The Lo brothers have been playing exceptionally well throughout the tournament, but they found Nisbet and Hancock a little above their strength. Their combination, moreover, was not as good as was expected.

Nisbet and Hancock won the three sets by 6-3; 6-3; 6-4.

Another good game was that between S. E. Green and Yew Man Tsun in the Open Championship Singles. Green, who holds the championship, had to exert himself to the utmost to win. Yew Man Tsun played excellent tennis and his cutting especially was a treat to watch. Green won the match after a very keen and close struggle by 6-3; 4-6; 6-2; 3-6; 7-5.

The following are the full results of yesterday's games:—

OPEN CHAMPIONSHIP DOUBLES.
H. Hancock and H. A. Nisbet beat M. W. and M. K. Lo 6-3; 6-3; 6-4.

OPEN CHAMPIONSHIP SINGLES.
S. E. Green beat Yew Man Tsun 6-3; 4-6; 6-2; 3-6; 7-5.

MIXED HANDICAP DOUBLES.
C. Cooper Hunt and Mrs. Nisbet (own 15/3) beat A. Morse and Mrs. Hudson (own 3/6) 6-4; 8-10; 6-3.

HANDICAP DOUBLES.
A. H. Crook and A. L. Boulton (own 3/6) beat C. Gray and A. B. Raworth (own 2/6) 6-3; 4-6; 6-4.

TODAY'S MATCHES.
So far only two matches have been arranged for to-day:—

MIXED HANDICAP DOUBLES.
Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Brown (own 15/3) play H. J. Verney and Mrs. Verney (own 2/6).

HANDICAP SINGLES "A."
N. E. Kent (own 3/6) plays C. Winkler (own 15/3).

BILLIARDS.

MILITARY AMATEUR CHAMPIONSHIP OF COLONY.

This competition, for which there were no less than 64 entries, has proved a great success. It is well advanced now, and some particularly close and interesting games have been witnessed. The competition has, as usual, produced a good many surprises, and it would be very difficult even now to say which two players will meet in the final game. Sir Paul Chater, C.M.G., has generously offered a very handsome cup to be competed for annually, and a smaller trophy to become the property of the winner of the tournament. Additional prizes are being provided from the entrance fees, and a special prize for the highest break has very kindly been offered by Messrs. Lane and Crawford.

The semi-finals will be played on Monday and Tuesday next at 7 p.m. each evening on the V.R.C. table, which has been kindly lent for the occasion; and the final will take place on Friday at 7.30 p.m., when the Hon. Mr. Claud Severn, C.M.G., has kindly promised to present the prizes. The first two games will be of 400 points and the final 500. The following games remain to be decided:—

SEMI-FINALS.
A—Sergt. Pearce, A.S.C., or Sergt. Baker, R.G.A., v. Pte. Ellaby, R.A.M.C.
B—Sergt. Major Anderson, R.E., v. St. Sergt. White, R.E., or Gr. Gregory, R.G.A.

FINAL.
Winner of A. v. Winner of B.

WAR BOND DRAWING.

The following is adjudged one of the best answers received to the three questions advertised recently concerning War Bond tickets:—

ANSWER A.
Ten little bond tickets, all of them were mine.

One of them I gave away, then there were nine.

Nine little bond tickets fell into the grate, a live cinder dropped on one, then there were eight.

Eight little bond tickets prayed for luck to heaven.

But the angels collared one, then there were seven.

Seven little bond tickets with my chits did mix.

And one reached the Compradore, then there were six.

Six little bond tickets saw St. George arrive. One of them the Dragon got, then there were five.

Five little bond tickets used to wedge a door. Where one was squashed to nothing, then there were four.

Four little bond tickets all his fate did see. One of them skeddaddled off, then there were three.

Three little bond tickets at a goose did boo. One of them the swallowed up, then there were two.

Two little bond tickets when the wheel had spun.

ANSWER B.
One of them had all the luck, so I had won. One little bond ticket brings bonds to strife the Hun.

ANSWER C.
I'll let all the bonds remain, realising none. BOBBY.

HONGKONG MAGISTRACY.

ALLEGED IMPERSONATION OF A CONSTABLE.

A Chinese was charged with impersonating a constable and stealing four taels of opium from a woman at West Point.

Mr. B. Johnson appeared for the defendant.

Defendant said he did not steal the opium. He was merely acting as a police informer.

Mr. J. R. Wood remanded the case until next Wednesday, fixing bail at \$500.

WATCHMAN TURNS THIEF.

A Chinese watchman, who was employed on board the *Patchan*, was charged with attempting to steal some brass pipes from a steamer in harbour.

It was stated that defendant was arrested as he was leaving the ship by an Indian watchman.

Defendant said he did not commit the robbery. He simply went on board to meet a friend, when he was arrested and locked up in a cabin.

Mr. Jacobson, the second officer, stated that defendant broke the lock and attempted to escape.

Inspector Kent pressed the Magistrate to inflict a heavy sentence. He said these robberies were frequently being committed on the water-front. Several cables had been stolen, and on Thursday someone stole a large mooring shackle from a Japanese steamer, replacing it by a smaller one. Even the cargo on board these steamers was not immune from such depredations.

Mr. Dyer Ball sentenced defendant to six weeks' hard labour.

BOGUS DIAMOND RINGS.

A Chinese youth was charged with obtaining money by false pretences.

Mr. J. R. Mattingley appeared for the defendant.

Inspector Sim said that on the 7th inst. defendant went to a pawnshop at Wan-chai and pledged what he represented to be a diamond ring for \$30, promising to pay \$3 interest a month. He went back to the pawnshop next day and asked for a further \$30. This amount was also given him at the same rate of interest.

On Thursday night defendant visited the pawnshop again and obtained another loan of \$15 on the same security. Later, defendant presented another diamond ring and wanted to pledge it. This aroused the suspicion of the pawn-broker. The rings were examined and the diamonds were declared to be imitations.

Information was given to the Police, and defendant was arrested.

Defendant said the rings were given him by a sailor friend, who represented them to be first quality diamonds.

Mr. J. R. Wood remanded the case, fixing bail at \$150.

OIL SUPPLY AND STATE CONTROL.

A SUGGESTION.

The pros and cons of Government control of industry have been pretty freely discussed of late and the public has been a little bewildered by the assurance with which each party has demolished the arguments of the other. It will perhaps be agreed, however, that the case for State control is strongest in respect to industries essential to the National security and those that are as yet in their early stages.

The prospect of discovering petroleum in commercial quantities in Great Britain, coupled with Lord Cowdray's patriotic offer to spend half a million of his own money in further tests, brings the question of Britain's oil supply again to the fore. Oil is essential to our Navy and is becoming increasingly so to our Mercantile Marine; yet our sources of supply are far distant and exposed to the caprice of International amity, and in the case of America, it is alleged, will fail us in less than thirty years.

Here then is a case for prompt State action, and the Empire Resources Development Committee, which has been this matter under consideration at recent meetings, adds its weight to those who emphasize the matter's urgency. The Committee hopes, however, that in view of over arrangements may be arrived at the Government will not overlook the possibilities of combining with State control State revenue by direct profit.

It is peculiarly fitting that a commodity which is vital to naval warfare and to our defence of the freedom of the seas should contribute in this way to the reduction of the war debt. Moreover, here is an opportunity—by putting executive power into hands but competent hands—to raise State control above the hazards of commercial inefficiency.

TANK WEEK IN SHANGHAI.

£152,000 REALISED ON THE OPENING DAY.

The opening of Tank Week in Shanghai, says the *N. C. Daily News*, will remain long in the memory of those who attended the Shanghai Club during the tiffin hour. In the brief space of about 14 minutes the Britons present put up money for war bonds at the extraordinary rate of over £10,000 a minute.

A speech by the Consul-General, Sir Everard Fraser, concluded with the words: "Let me simply congratulate you upon this grand opportunity to show the Empire that we Shanghai Britons are ready to do our bit, that we have utter confidence that the gates of Hell shall never prevail against our mighty Land of Hope and Glory."

Immediately all present joined in singing Mr. Bain's "Land of Hope and Glory" and then the auction commenced.

Mr. Bain, who was the auctioneer, announced as a start that already £48,000 had been secured. The first item that he offered for competition was the bidding to determine who was to be the first to take up War Bonds during the Tank Week through the local banks.

Bidding was to commence at £50 rising by £50 a time to £500 and thence by £100 bids. The second was for bids to be made for investment in the China and Japan War Savings Association starting at Tls. 100 going up by bids of Tls. 50 to Tls. 1,000 and onwards by bids of Tls. 100.

All bids were to be registered by the large number of helpers he had and the highest bid of each bidder would have to be subscribed by him.

Business was brisk. Mr. Bain seemed simply to be standing there calling out a series of numbers, so quickly did the bids come in, and in three minutes the substantial figure of £5,000 had been reached. In seven minutes £15,000 was the highest bid reached, and a minute later the competition ceased at £20,000.

It was not only the £20,000 which counted; but all the intermediate bids that were recorded. The honours went to the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank. A promise to subscribe £25,000 was afterwards received from Mr. H. E. Morris.

The auction in fact followed, and it was a question of seconds before the first thousand was reached. One bidder was almost pathetic in vainly beseeching the auctioneer to take it to Tls. 5,000 on his behalf. Of course it could not be done because of all the intermediate bids that had to be got, but in fewer minutes than it takes to write Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co. had secured the honour of being the largest bidders in the tael account.

THE CROWNING EVENT.
Then came what must be regarded as the crowning event of the whole demonstration, for demonstration in the readiness of Britons to back talk with hard cash it certainly was. Mr. Bain announced that Mr. E. T. Byrne was willing to subscribe £100 in War Bonds and to give it to a local charity to be decided upon by H.M. Consul, if four other gentlemen would do the same. All that was asked for was £500; about eight times that amount was subscribed by:—Messrs. E. T. Byrne, R. I. Ezra, T. Craven, H. A. J. Macray, P. W. Massey, H. E. Arnold, G. Morris, J. W. C. Bonnar, J. G. Simms, V. Mayor, K. J. McEuen, E. C. Pearce, E. F. Mackay, H. H. Girardet, T. S. Forrest, A. L. Anderson, G. D. Coutts, J. W. Simmons, E. White, H. M. Tibbey, W. P. Lamb (2), H. E. Hancock, J. Kerfoot, A. W. Burkill, F. E. Gibbins, J. Spunt, E. L. Allen, R. E. Wilson, P. H. Crossley, J. Hays, T. B. Wheeler, H. J. Clark, J. Prentice, S. Hayes-Davry, H. E. Morris, G. A. Johnson, C. M. Bain, C. R. Slowe and Hayley Morris.

HOW TO WIN THE WAR.
Brigadier-General H. Page Croft, M.P., speaking recently, at a meeting of the National Party in the Baltic Exchange on "How to Win the War," said that was the first meeting held in the City of London under the auspices of the Party. The answers given to him in the House of Commons regarding the enormous increase in the supply from this country of tea and cocoa to Sweden since the beginning of the war, only showed that three men in different Departments ought to be hanged in place of one. Not only did our food go to Germany through Sweden, but linen went to the enemy through Switzerland, as proved by captured German aeroplanes. If we wanted to win the war we must put a stop to this. We must, if necessary, clear out every Minister and every permanent official from the Foreign Office; we must intern the 6,000 Hungarians who were at large in this country; we must get the Irish to share our sacrifices; we must pursue the aerial campaign with unrelenting vigour, station out a street of Colonels, and ere long get to Emsen. (Cheers.) A resolution to support the Government in the vigorous prosecution of the war was passed.

INTIMATIONS

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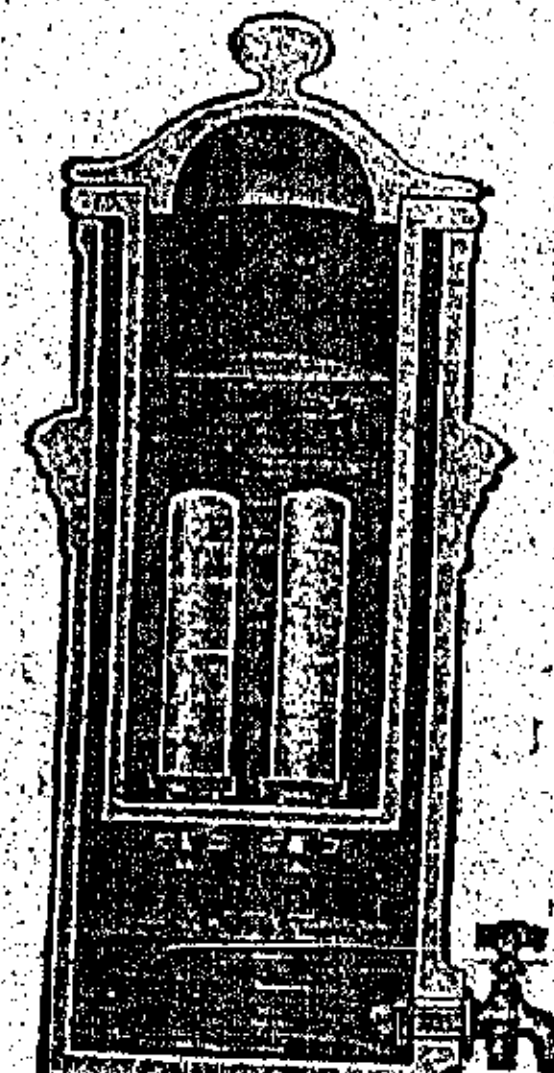
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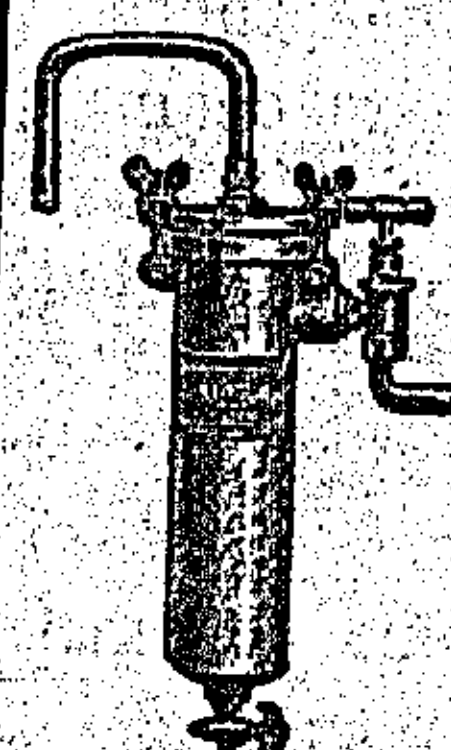


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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

HONGKONG CRICKET CLUB.

TENNIS TOURNAMENT.

THE
OPEN DOUBLES CHAMPIONSHIP
of the Colony.
H. A. NISBET and R. HANCOCK
v.
NG SZE KWONG and WONG PO KEUNG.

HOLDERS.

Will be played on

WEDNESDAY, 15th May, 1918,

on the

WAR CHARITIES COURT

at 4.15 P.M.

Reserved Stand Seats ... \$1.50

Reserved King Seats ... 1.00

Enclosure (standing only) ... 50 cts.

Book now at MOUTRIE'S, Ltd.

P. M. HODGSON,

Hon. Secretary.

Hongkong, 11th May, 1918. [1904]

UNION INSURANCE SOCIETY OF CANTON, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FORTY-FIFTH ORDINARY YEARLY MEETING of the Society will be held at its Head Office, Nos. 3 and 4, Queen's Buildings, Hongkong, on THURSDAY, the 23rd May, 1918, at Noon, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors together with the Statements of Account to 31st December, 1917, and of declaring Dividends, etc.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Society will be CLOSED from 13th May to 23rd May, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
C. H. P. HAY,
per pro. General Manager.

Hongkong, 11th May, 1918. [1895]

THE CHINA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FORTY-NINTH ORDINARY YEARLY MEETING of the Company will be held at its Office, Nos. 3 and 4, Queen's Buildings, Hongkong, on THURSDAY, the 23rd May, 1918, at 12.45 P.M., for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors together with the Statements of Account to 31st December, 1917, and of declaring Dividends, etc.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 13th May to 23rd May, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
C. H. P. HAY,
per pro. General Manager.

Hongkong, 11th May, 1918. [1896]

BRITISH TRADERS' INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FIFTY-SECOND ORDINARY YEARLY MEETING of the Company will be held at its Head Office, Nos. 3 and 4, Queen's Buildings, Hongkong, on THURSDAY, the 23rd May, 1918, at 12.45 P.M., for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors together with the Statements of Account to 31st December, 1917, and of declaring Dividends, etc.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 13th May to 23rd May, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
C. H. P. HAY,
per pro. General Manager.

Hongkong, 11th May, 1918. [1897]

PUBLIC AUCTION.

TO be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION at CANTON at Noon, 27th May.

The twin screw launch "LUPIN" Hull composite, teakwood planking throughout.

Length 54' 6". Beam 10' 2". Draft 4'.

Engines, Compound Surface Condensing. Cylinders H.F. 6". L.P. 10". Stroke 7". Boiler Diameter 4' 6". W.P. 90 lbs.

The Launch is in good condition and suitable for harbour, river or creek work. The launch is anchored off the Canton Custom House, where she can be inspected.

A. H. HARRIS,
Commissioner of Chinese Customs,
Kowloon and District.

Hongkong, 10th May, 1918. [1898]

MINISTERING CHILDREN'S LEAGUE.

GRAND EVENING ENTERTAINMENT

(under the patronage of Lady May)

In the NAVAL THEATRE,

TO-NIGHT (SATURDAY),

May 11th, 1918,

at 8.15 P.M.

ARTISTS, ETC.

Mrs. PENNEFATHER.

Mrs. ENID COOPER.

BANDSMAN CRANE.

Mr. J. DAY.

Mr. J. YAMING LEE.

Mr. J. BROOK.

EXHIBITION OF CHINESE BOXING DANCES BY A REVUE OF YOUNG DAMSELS,

AND

CINEMATOGRAPH SHOW.

Tickets (Which can be obtained at MOUTRIE'S, the NAVAL THEATRE, &c.) \$1.

Men of the Services in uniform \$1.00.

INTIMATIONS

HONGKONG JOCKEY CLUB.

NOTICE.

THE HALF-YEARLY MEETING of the Members of the Club will be held on SATURDAY, the 11th May, at 12 o'clock Noon, at the Offices of the Jockey Club, on the Ground Floor of the HONGKONG CLUB ANNEX, Chater Road.

By Order,
T. F. HOUGH,
Clerk of the Course.

Hongkong, 23rd April, 1918. [1890]

THE HONGKONG ELECTRIC CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TWENTY-NINTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING will be held at the Company's Office, St. George's Building, TO-DAY (SATURDAY), the 11th May, at 12 o'clock Noon, for the purpose of presenting the Report of the Directors together with a Statement of Accounts to 28th February, 1918, electing Directors and Auditors.

TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 12 o'clock Noon April 27th to 12 o'clock Noon May 11th.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.,
Agents.

Hongkong, 28th April, 1918. [1940]

CANTON INSURANCE OFFICE, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE THIRTY-SEVENTH ORDINARY MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS will be held at the Office of the undersigned on FRIDAY, the 17th May, 1918, at Noon.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 3rd May to the 17th May, both days inclusive.

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.,
General Agents.

Hongkong, 29th April, 1918. [1948]

THE CHINA-BORNEO CO., LTD.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE FIFTEENTH YEARLY MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS of the above Company will be held at the Company's Office, St. George's Buildings, at 11 A.M., on FRIDAY, the 17th May, 1918, to receive a Statement of Accounts to the 31st December, 1917, and the Report of the General Manager and Consulting Committee, and to elect a Consulting Committee and Auditor.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 4th May to the 17th May, 1918, both days inclusive.

THE CHINA-BORNEO CO., Ltd.,
W. G. DARBY,
General Manager.

Hongkong, 2nd May, 1918. [1895]

PEAK TRAMWAYS COMPANY, LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the ORDINARY ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS of the above Company will be held at the Hongkong Hotel, Hongkong, on FRIDAY, the 17th May, 1918, at Noon, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors together with a Statement of Accounts for the year ending 30th April, 1918.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 18th instant to the 22nd instant, both days inclusive.

PEAK TRAMWAYS COMPANY, LTD.
JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON,
General Managers.

Hongkong, 10th May, 1918. [1932]

HONGKONG CLUB.

AN EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Members of the Hongkong Club will be held in the Large Dining Room, on THURSDAY, the 16th inst., at 5.30 P.M.

As set forth in the Notice Pasted in the Hall of the Club.

By Order,
E. DES VCEUX,
Secretary.

Hongkong, 7th May, 1918. [1977]

THE DAIRY FARM ICE & COLD STORAGE CO., LTD.

NOTICE.

SHAREHOLDERS in the HONGKONG ICE COMPANY, LIMITED, entitled to an allotment of Shares in the DAIRY FARM ICE & COLD STORAGE COMPANY, LIMITED, are requested to forward their Claims to the Undersigned as soon as possible.

M. MANUK,
Secretary.

THE DAIRY FARM ICE & COLD STORAGE COMPANY, LIMITED.

[1890]

NOTICE.

CARVALHO & COMPANY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. HENRY ARMAND HENRIKSON CASTRO has This Day CEASED to be the Manager of our Business at Hongkong and his authority to sign our Firm Name has been withdrawn.

Dated this 6th day of May, 1918.

CARVALHO & CO.
[1974]

\$100 REWARD.

THE Undersigned will pay the above Reward of \$100 to anyone returning or giving to him information as to the whereabouts of a POINTER DOG Lost in Kowloon since the 1st instant. Approximate description:—Head, ears and back LIVER; small WHITE streak whole length of nose but wider near tip; WHITE patch over LEFT eye; possibly some white on neck; throat, chest, underbody and legs WHITE with small liver spots. Answers to the name of "MAX".

Mr. E. V. M. R. DE SOUSA,
No. 1, Ormsby Villa,
Granville Road, Kowloon,
or DE SOUSA & CO., Hongkong.

Hongkong, 10th May, 1918. [1899]

INTIMATIONS

HONGKONG GYMKHANA CLUB.

THE SECOND GYMKHANA MEETING of the Season will be held at HAPPY VALLEY, TO-DAY (SATURDAY), the 11th instant, commencing at 3.30 P.M.

The Charge of Admission will be \$1 for others than Members of the HONGKONG JOCKEY CLUB or GYMKHANA CLUB.

Soldiers and Sailors in uniform Free.

The Committee invite the Ladies of Hongkong to be present.

Hongkong, 8th May, 1918. [1983]

PUBLIC AUCTION.

MR. GEO. P. LAMBERT has received instructions to sell by Public Auction, on

TUESDAY, the 14th day of May, 1918, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, at his Sales Room in Duddell Street, Victoria, Hongkong,

THE VERY VALUABLE LEASEHOLD PROPERTY,

situate in Barker Road, at The Peak, and comprising those pieces or parcels of ground registered in the Land Office as RURAL BUILDING LOT NUMBER 70 and GARDEN LOT NUMBER 24 together with the attractive residential house thereon known as

"TUSOULUM" and garden tennis court thereto attached, IN ONE LOT.

Rural Building Lot No. 70 contains an area of 23,760 square feet and is held under a Crown Lease for 75 years.

Garden Lot No. 24 contains an area of 7,800 square feet and is held under a Crown Lease for 21 years.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. DEACON, LOOKER, DEACON & HARTSON, 1, Des Voeux Road, Central, Vendor's Solicitors, or to Mr. GEO. P. LAMBERT, The Auctioneer.

Hongkong, 22nd April, 1918. [1929]

HOUSES TO LET

TO LET.

66 "COOMBE," No. 173, Coombe Road, Magazine Gap, The Peak (furnished), with Tennis Court and Vegetable Garden, Electric Light and Telephone, for 5 months from 1st June, 1918.

Apply to—
DEACON, LOOKER, DEACON & HARTSON, [1985]

TO LET.

COMMUNICIOUS and well-fitted SHOP in Alexandra Buildings.

Apply—
SECRETARY,
A. S. WATSON & Co., Limited. [1897]

TO LET.

NO. 1, CARMARVON ROAD, Kowloon, well-built EUROPEAN TWO-STORY HOUSE, good locality.

Apply to—
YU KAM HING,
c/o Messrs. JOHNSON, STOKES & MASTER. [1906]

TO LET.

RESIDENTIAL FLAT in Prince's Building.

Apply to—
THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY Co., Ltd. [1875]

TO LET.

IMMEDIATE entry. Four very desirable SHOPS situated in Ice House Street, opposite the Grand Hotel, recently reconstructed.

For rent and other particulars apply to—
THE MANAGER,
HONGKONG ICE CO., LTD.,
40, Connaught Road Central. [1900]

TO LET.

FLAT in Nathan Road, Kowloon.

Apply to—
FOUR-ROOMED HOUSES in Kowloon.

HUMPHREYS ESTATE & FINANCE Co., Ltd.,
Alexandra Buildings. [1928]

FOR SALE.

"GALESEND," No. 7, THE PEAK, SIX ROOMS.

Apply—
C. H. GALE, P.W.D. [1958]

FOR SALE.

ON MOUNT PARISH, WANCHAI, a well-built Four-Roomed House with Garden, Electric Light, Gas and Telephone installed.

Apply to—
D. V. STRATTON,
Messrs. DEACON, LOOKER, DEACON & HARTSON. [1942]

INTIMATION

BY APPOINTMENT.

WATSON'S PYERIS.

Registered.

An exact reproduction of a well-known Spa at half the price.

Blends perfectly with Spirits, especially Whisky.

"A little learning is a dangerous thing, Drink deep or touch not the Pyerian Spring.

There shallow drafts intoxicate the brain And drinking deeply sobers us again."

— Pope.

PINTS \$1.00 PER DOZ.

SPLITS 60 CTS. " "

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.,

STERILIZED WATER MANUFACTURERS.

TEL. 438.

DEATHS.

JOHNSTON.—At his residence, "The Elms," 141, Bubbling Well Road, Shanghai, on May 5th, James JOHNSTON, aged 77 years.

MORRIS.—At 74, Yangtsepo Road, Shanghai, on May 5th, JOHN MORRIS, aged 81 years.

HONGKONG OFFICE: 104, DES VOEUX ROAD, C. LONDON OFFICE: 121, FLEET STREET, E.C.

The Daily Press.

HONGKONG, 11TH MAY, 1918

POST-WAR TRADE.

It is to be hoped that steps will be taken as quickly as possible to give effect to some of the recommendations contained in the recently-published report on post-war trade.

Lord Balfour's Committee, composed of men of all shades of political opinion, has been studying the problem for months past, and although its conclusions may, as we have already remarked, prove disappointing to those who advocate a rigid boycott both of German goods and German people, there are certain proposals upon which there will be general agreement.

At first sight it may seem a little premature to discuss commercial policy when responsible Ministers are telling us that commercial interests not directly concerned in maintaining the Empire's military strength at the moment must be sacrificed to the more urgent demand for man-power.

It is difficult to know where the dividing line can be drawn in the present-day complex organisation of trade, when obviously so much depends upon the maintenance of our credit.

Our enemies, although they must be more hard-pressed for men and money than ourselves, consider it advisable even now to formulate plans for establishing and extending their commerce upon the restoration of peace; and if the war has taught us anything at all it must certainly have taught us the folly of being caught unprepared.

Germany's plans, it is true, are for the most part based upon the assumption that the present struggle will enable her to meet her adversaries at the Peace Conference, at least, on equal terms, and consequent-

ly, from our point of view, she is building her house upon the sands. However this may be, there is no doubt that trade relations after the war will constitute one of the great problems to be settled before peace can be concluded, and, whatever the military position, our hands will be considerably strengthened if it can be shown that, without serious injury to our own interests, we can do without Germany's co-operation in any shape or form.

To place ourselves in this position it is necessary that we should lose no time in developing those industries which are essential to our future safety and supremacy.

The Commercial Commissioner for New South Wales, when addressing the members of the Hongkong Chamber of Commerce recently, reminded them that had the war been postponed for a few years the Germans would have dealt the death-blow to Sheffield and Birmingham, because not only had they absolute control of the metal industries of Australia, but were gaining control, also, of the metals in Japan, the United States, and Mexico.

Fortunately, that has been stopped, but to ensure our supremacy we must ourselves manufacture essential commodities on such a scale as to supply domestic requirements and afford a margin to meet a sudden increase of our needs.

The creation of a special Industries Board of Experts is an excellent suggestion for assisting promising new enterprises, and should the output, even with Government help, prove inadequate in certain directions the Government itself is advised to take up the work.

It is pointed out that much can be done, also, in other ways. It is anticipated that there will be a scarcity in certain raw materials for some years after the war, and the Allies are strongly urged to secure the control of the output of such materials.

It is peculiarly interesting to note that the wool of South Africa and Australia, upon which Austria and Germany are practically dependent, is particularly mentioned in this connection, because it disposes of the German contention that the Dominions will be in such need of resuming their trade in wool with the Central European Powers that they will refuse to enter any Economic Alliance of the Allies.

Private enterprise has accomplished a good deal to supply those things for which we were dependent upon our foes before the war, and it is inconceivable that the Government should expose infant industries, now being carefully fostered, to the full blast of unrestricted competition before they have had time to establish themselves firmly.

The total prohibition of exports to enemy countries is not recommended, the Committee being of the opinion that such a policy is impracticable and inexpedient.

Public sentiment may ignore this decision for although in normal times sentiment has little to do with business, the feeling of detestation which Germany has aroused against herself is likely to prove a powerful factor, and if, for example, British seamen should refuse to take goods to Germany and the dock-labourers should refuse to handle German goods arguments as to expediency would be of little avail.

Putting these matters on one side, however, the report outlines schemes which are not only expedient and practicable, but absolutely necessary to our economic independence.

Action to secure control of dwindling supplies of raw materials could and should be taken without delay, so that not only our military, but also our commercial, position may be unassailable when the time comes for discussing the terms of peace.

The Dutch Consul-General informs us that the Netherlands Indian Government has declared Hongkong an infected port on account of plague.

The total output of the Kailan Mining Administration's mines for the week ending 27th April amounted to 62,608 tons and the sales to 81,131 tons.

During the 24 hours of Thursday three cases of cerebro-spinal fever and three deaths from the disease were notified in the Colony. All the sufferers were Chinese. There was also one fatal Chinese case of bubonic.

The annual meeting of the Union Insurance Society of Canton, Ltd., will be held on Thursday, May 23rd, at noon; the annual meeting of the China Fire Insurance Co., Ltd., will be held at 12.30 p.m. on the same day and the annual meeting of the British Traders' Insurance Co., Ltd., at 12.45 p.m.

News has been received in Shanghai that, Lieut. G. B. S. McBain, of the Royal Naval Air Service, has been awarded the Distinguished Service Cross.

At a meeting of the Directors of the Chinese Engineering and Mining Co., Ltd., an interim dividend of 1s. per share, free of tax, was declared on account of the year ending 30th June, 1918, payable on the 15th inst.

The inquest on the body of Mr. W. K. Stanion, of Shanghai, who was found dead with a bullet wound in his head, was opened on May 4th at the Public Mortuary by Mr. G. W. King, H.M. Coroner at Shanghai. Formal evidence of identification was taken and the inquiry adjourned.

At an Examination in First Aid held recently, under the auspices of St. John Ambulance Association, the following candidates were successful:—Medallion—Miss Winifred McNeill; First Certificate—Mrs. D. Evan Thomas and Miss Gladys Woolley. Mrs. Hickling, L.R.C.P. & S., was Honorary Lecturer to the class, and Dr. W. V. M. Koch acted as Honorary Examiner.

The Hon. Treasurer of the Alice Memorial and Affiliated Hospitals acknowledges with thanks the following donations to the funds of the hospital:—Belilios Girls' School (April and May), \$20; Leung Tsoi Kam, \$10; Messrs. Ullman & Co., \$5; Komor & Komor, \$5; J. F. Miller, \$5; A. Morris, \$5; and E. D. Kotewal, \$3.

CHINESE TELEGRAMS.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

THE TREATY WITH SWITZERLAND.

PEKING, May 9th.

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THE WAR.

DETERMINED ENEMY ATTACK IN FLANDERS.

BRITISH ORIGINAL LINE RESTORED.

THE MAURICE LETTER DEBATE.

MR. ASQUITH MOVES FOR SELECT COMMITTEE.

BRITISH SUCCESS IN MESOPOTAMIA.

Bracco-Belgian Front.

LATEST CABLES.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

BRITISH FRONT.

BRITISH LINE PRESSED IN.

London, May 9th.
2.15 p.m.

Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports:—Successful British and French counter-attacks in the La Clytte-Voormezele sector drove out the enemy from portions of our front line in which he had obtained a footing, and we re-established our original position.

We captured several prisoners. The enemy is again attacking northward of Kemmel this morning. He pressed in our line slightly at one point, where fighting continues.

Two German divisions participated in Wednesday morning's attack. Our artillery and infantry, inflicted heavy casualties both during the attack and in our counter-attack. We captured 30 prisoners in local fighting at Bucquoy.

We further progressed between the Somme and the Ancre and improved our new positions here, taking prisoners.

We repulsed raids at Lens and Merris.

The enemy's artillery developed considerable activity in the Albert sector.

EARLIER CABLES.

ENEMY LAUNCHES STRONG LOCAL ATTACK.

London, May 8th.
11.15 p.m.

Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports:—This morning the enemy launched a strong local attack against the British and French between La Clytte and Voormezele. After heavy fighting in the centre of the attack the enemy entered the Allied front line at certain points. The fighting continues in these localities. The attack was repulsed at all other points.

A successful French local operation advanced the line during the night southward of La Clytte.

A number of prisoners were captured.

AERIAL OPERATIONS.

We dropped 400 bombs on different targets along the front and brought down twelve German machines in air fighting, eight of which were during a big encounter in the neighbourhood of Douai. None of ours is missing.

LATEST CABLES.

DETERMINED ENEMY ATTACK.

London, May 9th.
3.00 p.m.

Reuter's Correspondent at British Headquarters, telegraphing to-day, states:—Throughout yesterday the enemy pushed an attack in the direction of the north-eastern slopes of Scherpenberg with great determination. At first he made several successive stages of progress at the opening of the infantry attack, launched at 9.30 o'clock under cover of an intensive bombardment, which was directed against the right flank of our northern army and overlapping our junction with the French.

An hour later, after throwing in several waves of assaulting troops, the Germans gained a footing on our front line on a considerable width. The enemy parties penetrated to Kleina Vierstraat Nabaret. The situation at this time seems to have been rather difficult. Thenceforth until the early afternoon the Germans made a vigorous effort to get through Ridge Wood, and at about half-past one the battle was still raging with

unabated fury. We still hold the hamlet of Kleina Vierstraat, but we have been pressed back south-west of the wood. The French were then holding the line along the Wyverbeck. The Germans, continuing to throw in fresh troops, pressed us back towards the western edge of Ridge Wood and momentarily occupied a greater part of this. We still had parties holding out in Kleina Vierstraat. Later the French helped to restore our complete possession of this place. Before sunset the Germans fought themselves to a standstill, having suffered very heavily, but they had gained ground of some tactical importance at Ridge Wood, being a distinct step towards the coveted point d'appui of Scherpenberg.

Just before dusk we counterattacked under cover of a terrific bombardment. The enemy was forced to yield ground he had occupied at such a cost, and by night we had restored our original line practically everywhere, leaving only one or two little pockets of Germans to be topped up. Further south the Australians around Morlancourt further improved the line gained by their advances north of the Somme Canal.

EARLIER CABLES.

GERMAN INFANTRY ATTACK.

London, May 8th.
10.20 p.m.

Reuter's Correspondent at British Headquarters, telegraphing this evening, states:—Following a heavy and continuous bombardment along a wide front in Flanders, the German infantry this morning attacked south of Dickebusch Lake. It was not a very big affair, apparently only of divisional strength. The enemy penetrated our front line between the lake and Ridge Wood. Some enemy parties are reported to be in the eastern fringe of the wood, the greater part of which we hold, which is likely to prove very costly to the enemy if he attempts an onrush.

We also hold Kleina Vierstraat, where fighting continues.

In fine weather and good visibility the aims of both sides were very active. Ours are splendidly serving the artillery, swooping down and engaging hostile infantry.

The tactical objective of the operation was, apparently, an attempt to clear a way for a thrust on Scherpenberg from the north-east, which may prove the beginning of further fierce fighting in this region.

THE POSITION OF YPRES.

London, May 9th.
6.15 a.m.

The German attack yesterday morning is believed to have been an attempt to clear a way for a thrust towards Scherpenberg from the north-east, and is possibly a prelude to renewed fierce fighting.

GERMAN REPORT.

London, May 8th.
11.15 p.m.

A wireless German official report states:—We carried out a successful reconnoitring operation southward of Nieuport and captured some Belgians. Forefield engagements on the Somme resulted in British and French prisoners being taken. The enemy, after strong mining operations, unsuccessfully attacked on both sides of the Corbie-Bray road. Our fire effectively caught troops which were being kept in readiness. After a further attack at night southward of the road our counter-attack drove back the enemy.

FRENCH FRONT.

ENEMY TESTING STRENGTH OF ALLIES IN YPRES ZONE.

Paris, May 9th.

A semi-official report states:—The front of the attack between La Clytte and Voormezele was less than two miles distant. La Clytte constitutes the hinge of this front with the line running north and south bordering the Flanders hills. The line La Clytte-Voormezele commands an unbroken plain, leading to Poperinghe, six miles west of Ypres. If the enemy pierces the line, thus outflanking Ypres from the south the evacuation of the latter may become a delicate operation, although at present it would not be difficult. The High Command is bound to consider all eventualities, and its decision will conform to the interests of defence. The Germans yesterday were testing the strength of the Allies in this zone.

ARTILLERY ACTIVITY.

Paris, May 9th.

A communiqué states there was reciprocal artillery activity north and south of the Avre.

Naval Activities.

LATEST CABLES.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

MINESWEEPER MINED.

London, May 8th.

The Admiralty announce that a British mine-sweeper was mined and sunk on May 1st. Three officers and 23 men, including the mercantile crew, were killed.

EARLIER CABLES.

SUBMARINE RISK DECREASING.

New York, May 9th.

It is officially announced that Transatlantic war risk insurance rates for American steamers have been reduced from three to two per cent. owing to the decreased risk of submarine.

GERMANY'S LAST CHANCE.

AMERICA IN TO THE FINISH.

London, May 9th.

One thousand American naval men were entertained at the National Sporting Club. Sir Frederick Smith said he was glad Americans were here to see the spirit of the people and the sacrifice they were prepared to make to secure victory for democracy.

Admiral Sims said America had come in with both feet, and would stay in with both feet till finished. Germany's only hope of winning was by her submarines, but since April last year the sinkings had steadily decreased, and the curve of the building programme was ascending. These curves would cross within a fortnight, and we would be increasing our shipbuilding instead of submarines decreasing it. Germany knew that, and that was why she was making a desperate effort on the Western front, which was her last chance.

The Near East.

EARLIER CABLES.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

THE MESOPOTAMIA OPERATIONS.

BRITISH TROOPS ENTER KIRKUK.

London, May 8th.

A Mesopotamia official report states:—A portion of our troops on May 7th entered Kirkuk without opposition. The Turks, who retired towards the lesser Zab River, left 600 men in hospital and abandoned three damaged aeroplanes. Heavy rain has fallen.

Italian front.

EARLIER CABLES.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

DESTRUCTIVE BRITISH BOMBARDMENTS.

London, May 9th.

A British Italian official report states:—We twice successfully raided during the past week, taking a few prisoners.

Our artillery carried out several destructive bombardments.

Our airmen destroyed 17 hostile machines and brought down another uncontrollable. Several of these fell in our lines. We also bombed military targets in the rear of the enemy lines. We lost no machines.

General.

LATEST CABLES.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

THE POLITICAL CRISIS.

MR. ASQUITH NOT SEEKING OFFICE.

London, May 9th.

The Lobby was quieter yesterday, in the sense that the crisis has diminished, in view of a general expectation that the Government would secure probably a three-figure majority to-day.

The Irish Nationalists decided last night not to participate in the debate.

It is now stated that Mr. Asquith is not making a bid for office, but it is assumed he calculates that the debate will further weaken the Government.

The papers continue to comment somewhat bitterly on the situation, but none can suggest an alternative Ministry. The only proposal in this direction to-day is by a letter from Sir West Ridgeway, that the Speaker should be the new Premier.

Ministerial organs hope that, if Mr. Lloyd George's answer, as they expect, is complete and crushing, then an end will be put once and for all to the campaign of intrigue and rancorous attack.

PARTIES' INTENTIONS.

At a meeting of the Unionist War Committee it was decided to support the Government in the event of a division to-morrow on the Maurice affair.

It is understood that the Liberal War Committee has similarly decided.

The Labourites will remain undecided before the debate.

The Nationalists, who are in Ireland, are not expected to return. It is understood that the appointment of a judicial tribunal has been abandoned. The House will debate the advisability of setting up a Select Committee of the House of Commons.

FRENCH PRESS COMMENT.

Paris, May 9th.

Several newspapers regret the publication of the Maurice letter and emphasise the necessity for maintaining the credit of the Allies' leaders, also the unity of the Allies in view of a renewal of the German offensive.

THE DEBATE.

London, May 9th.

In the House of Commons there was great interest in the debate arising from the Maurice letter. The House was crowded everywhere.

Mr. Asquith, in moving for the appointment of a Select Committee to inquire into Major-General Maurice's allegations, said that a good deal of misconception seemed to prevail regarding what really was a very simple matter. Neither in intention nor in fact was his motion a vote of censure upon the Government. (Cheers, laughter and a cry "The Irish are not here.")

Mr. Asquith continued:—Since he had sat on the front Opposition Bench for eighteen months he had never voted against the Government on any question, and he had done all he could, not only in the House, but outside, without withholding what he considered legitimate criticism, to assist the Government in the prosecution of the war, and particularly in the definition and the propagation of the great purposes of the war and the peace for which the Allies were contending.

SPANIARDS' INDIFFERENCE TO THE WAR.

MALTA, May 9th.

A Dutch gentleman has arrived after a three years' sojourn in Spain. He describes the country as wholly being taken up with bull-fights. Even the poorest have enough money to attend and bet on the bull-fights. The people do not care a rap about the war, and at least two-thirds are avowedly pro-German, but nothing will induce them to fight on either side. Barcelona, however, is pro-Entente.

THE INACTIVITY OF AUSTRIA'S ARMY.

CREATES IRRITATION IN GERMANY.

London, May 9th.

There is evidently a good deal of irritation in Germany owing to the continued inactivity of the Austrians.

General von Liebert, writing in the *Zeitschrift Rundschau*, complains that Generalissimo Foch is not only able to recall British and French divisions from Italy, but Italy is sending her own units to France.

STRIKE LEADERS IN SPAIN RELEASED.

MADRID, May 9th.

The Amnesty Bill, releasing the strike leaders, has been passed.

SUBMARINE LANDS MAN IN IRELAND.

London, May 9th.

In the House of Commons, replying to Mr. Ronald McNeill, Mr. MacPherson confirmed that a man had landed from a German submarine recently on the west coast of Ireland, and had been arrested. He is now in the Tower awaiting to be court-martialled.

THE ROUMANIAN PEACE TREATY.

TREATY CONCEALS SCHEME OF SPOILATION.

London, May 9th.

The newspapers refer to the Rumanian Peace Treaty as justifying worse than what has been said about what Germany will do if she has the power. It is pointed out that the formidable Rumanian Army was led to lay down arms by fair promises, only to find that every promise concealed a scheme of spoliation. With wholesale loss of territory and her great oil assets the Rumania indemnity must be counted in millions sterling.

The *Manchester Guardian* characterises the treaty as being as harsh as could be devised.

GERMANY BLEEDING BULGARIA.

AMSTERDAM, May 9th.

A Vienna telegram states that in exchange for territorial acquisitions in the Dobrudja Bulgaria will recognise and consolidate all her floating debts in Germany for army supplies. The Sobranje will be asked to vote one-and-a-half milliards of marks for this, and a four-and-a-half per cent. loan will be issued.

A Germano-Bulgar Company will exploit Constantza harbour, also the Constantza-Cernavoda line.

EARLIER CABLES.

FURTHER CHAPTERS.

London, May 9th.

The Rumanian Peace Treaty provides that Germany, Austria-Hungary, Bulgaria, Turkey and Roumania shall have the right to maintain warships on the Danube, but the warships shall not put in at the shore of another State except in case of *force majeure* or the previous consent of the State concerned.

Chapter 7 deals with equal rights for religious denominations in Roumania, specifically the Roman Catholic, Greek, Uniate, Bulgarian, Orthodox, Protestant, Moslem and Jewish, with the right to establish private schools.

The principle laid down in Chapter 1 shall immediately be applied to persons having no nationality, including the Jews, who have hitherto been regarded as foreigners.

Chapter 8 declares that the economic relations between the Allies and Roumania shall be regulated by separate Treaties.

The ratification of the Treaty shall occur as soon as possible.

ROUMANIA'S LOYALTY TO KING AFFIRMED.

AMSTERDAM, May 9th.

A message from Bucharest states that Premier Marghiloman has telegraphed the King of Roumania announcing the signature of the Peace Treaty, of which the final stages underwent changes favourable to Roumania.

The Premier affirms Roumania's loyalty to the King and dynasty. From Vienna comes an inspired communication which points out that Austria receives 600 square kilometres south of Czernowitz, and Hungary 5,000 square kilometres of mountain land.

The war damage payment provision primarily relates to the Roumanian destruction wrought in Transylvania.

FRENCH COMMENT.

Paris, May 9th.

The newspapers comment sadly upon the Rumanian peace treaty, but emphasise that revenge is being prepared on the battlefields of France.

"WE ARE COMING!"

THE EMPIRE'S PART IN THE WAR.

London, May 8th.

Mr. Walter Long, presiding at a luncheon to Sir Frederick W. Young, upon the latter vacating his position as Minister of Crown Lands in South Australia, said the Empire was a wonderful thing. There never had been anything like it in the whole history of the world. "In the war what a marvellous part the Empire has played! At the moment when it was apparent we were going to stake our very existence on the sacred cause, there came from every part of the world where the British flag flew, not requests for further information and awkward questions, but one wonderful cry, 'We are coming.' (Cheers.) And when they came what a page they have written in the military history of the world. Although loosely knit the moment the Empire was confronted with a real danger they stood as one man, and all the troops had shown they were entitled to rank with the heroes whose names are written in gold in the Empire's history." He had never doubted the issue, but victory would be obtained only if we realised the magnitude of our task and the immediate nature of our difficulties, and set our backs to the wall determined that nothing should overcome us and that no difficulty would be too great.

AFFAIRS IN THE REICHSTAG.

GERMANY'S SERVICE TO SWEDEN.

AMSTERDAM, May 8th.

In the Reichstag, von Payer declared that by "liberating" Finland Germany had performed a very considerable service to Sweden by creating a protective wall eastwards.

JUSTIFYING EICHHORN'S DECREE.

Regarding Ukraine von Payer justified von Eichhorn's decree on the ground of the necessity of obtaining the grain promised to Germany by treaty.

AUSTRIA'S REWARD TO HUNGARY.

AMSTERDAM, May 9th.

A message from Berlin states that the incorporation of Bosnia-Herzegovina and Dalmatia with Hungary is foreshadowed as a sop to Hungary for her support of Austria's Polish policy.

THE IRISH QUESTION.

A GRAVE BLUNDER.

London, May 9th.

The *Daily Chronicle's* Correspondent at Dublin states that General Sir Bryan Mahon has been superseded.

The Correspondent describes the supersession, if true, as a grave blunder, because it will be associated with "Ulster and the covenanting antecedents of Sir Henry Wilson and the rigid Prussianism of Lord Milner."

APPEAL TO GOVERNMENT.

A manifesto by the joint Executive of the Trades Union Congress and Labour Party appeals to the Government to refrain from imposing conscription on Ireland, at least until the Irish Parliament is fully in existence.

THE HOME RULE BILL.

London, May 8th.

In the House of Commons, Mr. Bonar Law said he hoped that the Home Rule Bill would be introduced before White Sunday.

GERMAN INFLUENCE IN INDIAN FACTORIES.

London, May 9th.

In the House of Commons, replying to Sir A. Fell, Mr. W. Hayes Fisher said there were certain factories in South India connected with a well-known Mission under German influence, in which a Swiss agency was employed, but steps were being taken to secure the elimination of German capital and influence from them.

Sir A. Fell—Are not some of these factories run at a great profit? Is it certain that the profits are not held in reserve for the Germans interested?

Mr. W. Hayes Fisher replied—the factories are being closely looked into.

THE SILVER MARKET.

London, May 9th.

The silver market is steady.

(Continued on Page 4.)

JAUNDICE

ITS CAUSE AND CURE.

This distressing complaint so common in all hot countries is caused by the Bile overflowing in the Blood. It is not an independent disorder but the symptoms of other complaints which cause the Bile to overflow in this manner instead of entering the intestines to perform its mission of aiding in the digestion and assimilation of food. Jaundice causes the skin and eyes to become yellow, and vomiting, nausea, diarrhoea, or constipation, loss of appetite, bad taste in the mouth, flatulence, belching and pains in the stomach may all be accompanying symptoms. The disordered condition of the Liver is the most common cause of this complaint and a remedy that will reach the Liver is the only effective one. Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills reach the Liver as no other remedy does, speedily causing the Bile to flow through its proper channel. They get at the cause of the complaint driving the poison out of the blood, and toning the entire system. There is no more effective remedy for this complaint, as a trial will prove, than Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills which are a positive and permanent cure for all Liver and Kidney disorders, Constipation, Biliousness, Impure Blood, and Female Ailments.



Unable to eat or sleep.

the cause of the complaint driving the poison out of the blood, and toning the entire system. There is no more effective remedy for this complaint, as a trial will prove, than Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills which are a positive and permanent cure for all Liver and Kidney disorders, Constipation, Biliousness, Impure Blood, and Female Ailments.

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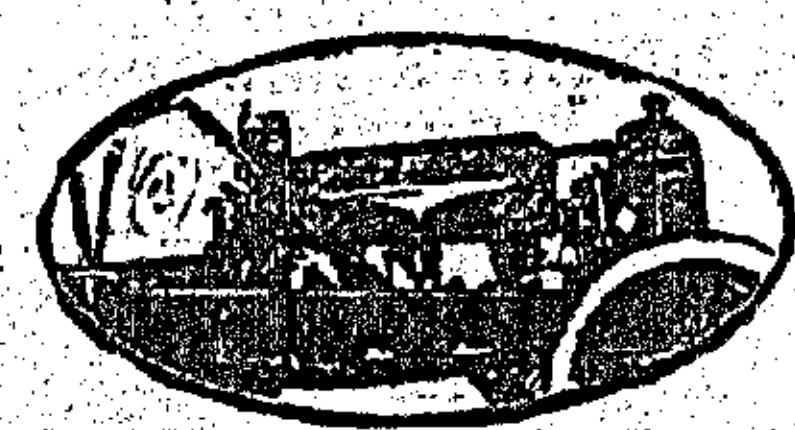
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THE WAR.

(Continued from Page 5.)

General.

EARLIER CABLES.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

EMPEROR KARL'S PEACE OVERTURES.

SUMMARY OF EVIDENCE BEFORE FRENCH COMMITTEE.

LONDON, May 8th.

The *Manchester Guardian's* Paris correspondent gives a summary of the evidence of French Ministers and ex-Ministers before the Sub-Committee of the Foreign Affairs Committee, which shows that the Emperor Karl wrote a second peace letter early in April, 1917, presumably to Prince Sixte of Bourbon, in which he declared that he was convinced that he could induce Germany to make peace, provided the territorial demands of the Allies were restricted to Alsace-Lorraine, it being understood that all the occupied territory would be evacuated and Belgian sovereignty unconditionally restored. The Emperor added that he had already assumed the agreement of Bulgaria, and he asked that the confidential character of this letter should be loyally respected by the French Government.

The correspondent says that President Poincaré, in the course of subsequent negotiations, proposed that Austria should cede Trieste and the Trentino to Italy in exchange for Silesia, but Emperor Karl replied that there was an initial obstacle to the proposal—namely, that whereas Austria occupied Trieste and the Trentino, France had not occupied Silesia. The *Dossier* includes a statement by an important Austrian personage that if Germany proved intractable and an armistice were declared between Austria and the Allies, a Revolution would break out in Germany, at the instigation of the Minority Socialists.

M. Ribot, in evidence, stated that he had to choose between breaking with Italy, and he considered himself bound to choose the former alternative. M. Ribot admitted that Mr. Lloyd George agreed only after considerable hesitation to a negative reply, on which Baron Salmhoff insisted. The *Dossier* shows that Mr. Lloyd George insisted more than once on the importance of the Austrian proposals and the desirability of not losing so favourable an opportunity of making peace. The correspondent says that President Poincaré, however, maintained that the war could only be ended by a complete military victory of the Allies. Some members of the Sub-Committee were of the opinion that Emperor Karl's proposals would have been turned down immediately without discussion but for Mr. Lloyd George.

M. Painlevé defended M. Ribot's refusal on the ground that any other course would have involved a rupture with Italy. The correspondent affirms that further evidence shows that in July, 1917, the German Government, *via* Belgium and M. Briand, invited peace discussions in Switzerland with Baron von Landerfeld. This overture was refused by the French, Italian and British Governments without consulting Russia or the United States. Belgium and Roumania were in favour of discussing the German proposals. Russia and the United States were also not consulted in the case of both letters from Emperor Karl. M. Painlevé giving evidence regarding the Revertera-Armand negotiations last August, said that he did not know about Emperor Karl's letters when Count Revertera made the first overtures. The Sub-Committee has still to hear the evidence of M. Briand and M. Clemenceau before presenting its conclusions.

DOSSIER INVESTIGATION CONCLUDED.

Paris, May 9th. The Parliamentary Foreign Affairs Committee, concluding its investigations relating to the *Dossier* regarding the Emperor Karl's letters to Prince Sixte and the Armand-Revertera discussions, passed a resolution declaring their opinion that the peace conversations initiated and continued by Austria-Hungary in 1917 and 1918 never provided an opportunity for a peace which was acceptable to France and the Allies.

THE PRISONERS' EXCHANGE AGREEMENT.

LONDON, May 8th. In the House of Commons, Mr. F. J. Hope, replying to Mr. W. E. Hume-Williams, K.C., said that in all 400 British civilian prisoners will be eligible under the Hague Agreement to be interned in Holland. The majority were officers and non-coms who had been captured up to June 30th, 1918, and they have reached Holland. The exchange agreement works automatically, fresh numbers becoming eligible by effluxion of time. Germany rejected a proposed extension of the agreement to include privateers who had been in captivity for eighteen months.

AFFAIRS IN RUSSIA.

BOLHEVISTS' STRUGGLE WITH ANARCHISTS.

Zurich, May 9th. A *Kieff* newspaper states that the Anarchists at Moscow have secreted great quantities of munitions, including mountain-guns and machine-guns. The Bolsheviks in vain demanded their surrender, and after fighting all day they stormed the munition depots, and arrested 400 Anarchists, whom they imprisoned in the Kremlin. The newspaper estimates that there are 80,000 Anarchists in Moscow, which is the headquarters of the principal anarchist organisations.

THE PACIFISTS' A DEBATE IN HOUSE OF LORDS.

LONDON, May 8th.

In the House of Lords, Lord Denbigh drew attention to pacifists' activities in the country and the general ignorance of German war aims.

Lord Beaverbrook stated that the War Aims Committee was dealing with pacifist propaganda. The publication of the Lichnowsky Memoirs had done much good and was undoubtedly responsible for the very little industrial unrest at present existing.

Lord Lansdowne protested against being classed with the advocates of peace by surrender. He had not participated in secret conferences in connection therewith and he adhered to his published views. But during the offensive it would be wrong to create the impression that the country was divided.

Lord Lansdowne twitted Lord Denbigh for opposing peace by negotiation. He wished to encourage a widely-felt Austro-German desire to stop the butchery. Lord Carson said, broadly speaking, the heart of the labouring classes was absolutely sound. The Allies had always agreed that if responsible and apparently *bona-fide* peace overtures were made the Allies concerned were free to investigate them, and if anything came of the overtures the other Allies would be consulted. Such overtures had occurred, but they broke down because the proposer discontinued them with Allied honour and safety. Peace by negotiation was at present impossible, because the country was confronted by the gravest crisis in its history. Any idea of successful negotiations at present was chimerical. Such a peace by negotiation, as exhibited by Brest-Litovsk and Roumania, offered no encouragement. Until the German military spirit abated, the idea of pursuing negotiations for an honourable and lasting peace was one which we cannot regard with any hope of success.

CONDITIONS IN CENTRAL EMPIRES. SERIOUS INTERNAL STRIFE CONTINUOUS.

STOCKHOLM, May 9th.

The *Politiken's* Correspondent at Copenhagen has interviewed a traveller from the Central Empires, who said the depression is great, especially in Austria. The food shortage is serious and internal strife is continuing. The Czechs, Poles and South Slavs only desire the Allies to win, and the cry is "Long live Wilson!" Strikes are frequent in Vienna and Prague. The Social Democrats hate Germany since the Brest-Litovsk peace. German confidence in victory has lessened. Since their failure to reach the Channel ports there has been a revulsion of feeling. The probable losses in the offensive, estimated at 600,000, are being concealed, but conditions have become serious with the expected reduction of bread and potato rations. There is intense disappointment at no food coming from Ukraine, and a resumption of war by Russia is generally expected.

LORD RHONDDA ON SICK LIST.

LONDON, May 9th.

Lord Rhondda has been operated upon for pleural effusion, and is progressing satisfactorily.

EX-KING CONSTANTINE.

ZURICH, May 9th.

Ex-King Constantine's condition is improving.

GERMAN STRIKE ORGANISERS SENTENCED.

AMSTERDAM, May 9th.

Twelve German Independent Socialists have been sentenced at Leipzig to periods of from 18 months to 12 years imprisonment for, *inter alia*, calling a strike for peace in February and September, 1917.

LOST FAR EASTERN MAILS.

LONDON, May 10th.

The General Post Office announces the loss at sea, through enemy action, of parcels posted from Singapore between February 10th and March 2nd, Penang between February 18th and March 5th, the Malay States between February 16th and March 4th. Only a few letters were lost, dated March 1st to 3rd from Singapore and March 4th to 5th from Penang, which senders specially marked.

RAILWAY RESTRICTIONS IN BRITAIN.

LONDON, May 8th.

In the House of Commons, Sir Albert Stanley announced that owing to the enormous increase in railway traffic further drastic restrictions would operate immediately. The price of season tickets would be increased by ten per cent, within a twelve mile radius from Charing Cross and twenty per cent outside it. The issue of season tickets outside the radius mentioned discontinues except in the case of scholars, apprentices and privileged railway employees, or unless adequate reasons are shown for travelling. No more season tickets under six months for journeys over twelve miles will be issued.

THE UKRAINE SITUATION. SOCIALISTS' WARNING.

ZURICH, May 9th.

A Vienna message states a deputation of *Kieff* Socialists has warned the Chief of the German General Staff in Ukraine that the German measures might necessitate German occupation, requiring not six but 26 Army Corps.

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A SUGGESTION ALL MAY ADOPT.

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Why not decide to-day to banish hair poverty for ever? Why wear attenuated, thin, impoverished, lifeless locks of hair, when all the rich sparkle and abundance of hair in its natural healthy condition is yours for the asking?

ACCEPT THIS

WONDERFUL GIFT.

There is no restriction to this Gift distribution. It is sufficient that you are troubled with any form of hair "ailment," or that you desire to improve the appearance of your hair.

The Gift Parcel comprises:

1. A bottle of "Harlene," the true liquid food for the hair, which stimulates it to new growth. It is Tonic, Food, and Dressing in one. Contains no Animal Fat.
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4. A copy of the new edition of the "Hair-Drill" Manual, giving complete instructions.

"HARLENE" GIFT COUPON.



Dear Sir, Please send me your Free "Harlene" Four-Fold Hair-Growing Outfit described above. I enclose stamps for postage to any part of the world. (Foreign stamps accepted).

NOTE TO READER: Write your full name and address clearly on a plain piece of paper, and this coupon to it and post as directed above.

Hongkong Daily Press

Unbearable Itching! Spread Over Head Healed By Cuticura

"Ringworm left a round patch of dandruff which at times was very irritating, commenced scratching and by so doing the dandruff spread all over my head. Then my hair began to fall out and the itching night and day was unbearable. The dandruff would come off in large pieces, leaving a sore place, also a discharge of watery-like fluid. For three years this went on getting worse. On reading about Cuticura Ointment I bought two boxes and in two months my head was healed, and my hair stopped falling out." (Signed) Mrs. Mary A. Clay, 7, Milbank Terrace, Redcar, Yorks, Eng., July 18, 1916. No beauty doctor can do more for your complexion than Cuticura Soap assisted when necessary by touches of Cuticura Ointment. Cuticura Soap is ideal for all toilet purposes.

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TENYO MARU	22,000	SAT., 22nd June.
SHINYO MARU	22,000	TUES., 16th July.

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Steamers	Tons	Leave Hongkong
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"AFRICA MARU" ... WEDNESDAY, 5th June, at 3 P.M.

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"KAIYO MARU" ... SUNDAY, 19th May, at 10 A.M.
"AMAKURA MARU" ... SUNDAY, 19th May, at Noon.
"BOSCHU MARU" ... THURSDAY, 23rd May, at 8 A.M.

These Formosan Lines will arrive at and depart from the SOON YIP WHARF, near the Harbour Office, and while the steamer is alongside the wharf Telephone No. 742 will be fixed.

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